

Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur
Department of Computer Science and Engineering

New Course Proposal

1 Administrative Information

Title: Formal Methods for Robotics and Automation

Course No: CS638

Units: 3-0-0-9

Pre-requisites: The course does not have any formal prerequisites. The students are expected to have mathematical maturity of the level of an undergraduate degree in engineering. However, some familiarity with finite state machines and ordinary differential equations, and programming experience will be helpful.

Proposed by: Indranil Saha

Estimated Enrollment: 40

Other faculty members who could be interested in teaching the course: None

Departments which may be interested: Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Aerospace Engineering

Level of the course: PG (6xx level).

2 Course Details

2.1 Short Description

The term “formal methods” refers to mathematical techniques for verification and automatic synthesis of systems to ensure that the systems satisfy desirable properties given as specification. Formal methods are essential for building systems used for life-critical and mission critical applications. As robots are increasingly being used for such applications, use of formal methods has become critical for building such systems. In this course, we will study the recent development of formal methods based techniques for building software for robots. The course will cover basic concepts in formal methods and control theory and illustrate the potential of such techniques to be effective in developing high quality robotic software.

2.2 Topics

Basics of Verification: Finite State Machines, Linear Temporal Logic (LTL), Computation Tree Logic (CTL), Automata-Based LTL Model Checking, μ -Calculus Model Checking, Markov Decision Process, Probabilistic Computation Tree Logic (PCTL), Probabilistic Model Checking, Bisimulation Equivalence, Reactive Synthesis, Binary Decision Diagram, SAT and SMT Solvers

Control Theory: Basics of Feedback Control Theory, Hybrid Systems, Discrete Abstraction of Hybrid Systems

Motion Planning: Basics of Motion Planning, Sampling-Based Motion Planning, Feedback Motion Planning, Multi-Robot Motion Planning

Formal Methods for Robotics: Motion Planning from LTL and μ -Calculus Specification, Motion Planning from Temporal Logic Specifications with Probabilistic Satisfaction Guarantees, Reactive Motion Plan Synthesis, Explaining Unsynthesizability for High-Level Robot Behaviors, Multi-Robot Motion Planning using SMT Solvers, Software Synthesis for Semi-Autonomous Systems

3 Grading Policy

Homework and Small Projects - 30%

Paper Reading and Class Presentation - 20%

Mid-Term Examination - 20%

End Semester Examination - 30%

References

- [1] K. J. Astrom and R. M. Murray. *Feedback Systems: An Introduction for Scientists and Engineers*. Princeton University Press, 2009.
- [2] C. Baier and J.-P. Katoen. *Principles of Model Checking*. The MIT Press, 2008.
- [3] H. Choset, K. M Lynch, S. Hutchinson, G. Kantor, W. Burgard, L. E. Kavraki, and S. Thrun. *Principles of Robot Motion: Theory, Algorithms, and Implementations*. MIT Press, 2005.
- [4] Edmund M. Clarke, Jr., Orna Grumberg, and Doron A. Peled. *Model Checking*. MIT Press, 1999.
- [5] S. M. LaValle. *Planning Algorithms*. Cambridge University Press, 2006.
- [6] Relevant research papers.