INGIT – Limited Domain Formulaic Translation from Hindi to ISL

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Introduction

- Objective
 - Create a scalable proof-of-concept system
 - Exhibit challenges in cross modal translation
 - Provide tangible solutions
- Scope
 - Railway Counter Domain
 - Handle Speech \rightarrow Sign translation only

Past Research

- Speech \rightarrow Sign
 - Form based approaches [Veale94, Zhao02, Speers02]
 - Semantic based approaches [Marshall03, Wray04]
- Sign Recognition (Sign \rightarrow Speech)
 - Reasonable accuracy rates
 - Very small vocabularies handled

Sign Language

• Spatial Modality

- Extensive use of space
 - Iconic signs
 - Role play
 - Use of person and space deixis
 - Directional verbs
 - Non-manual markers

Indian Sign Language



THREE



AC

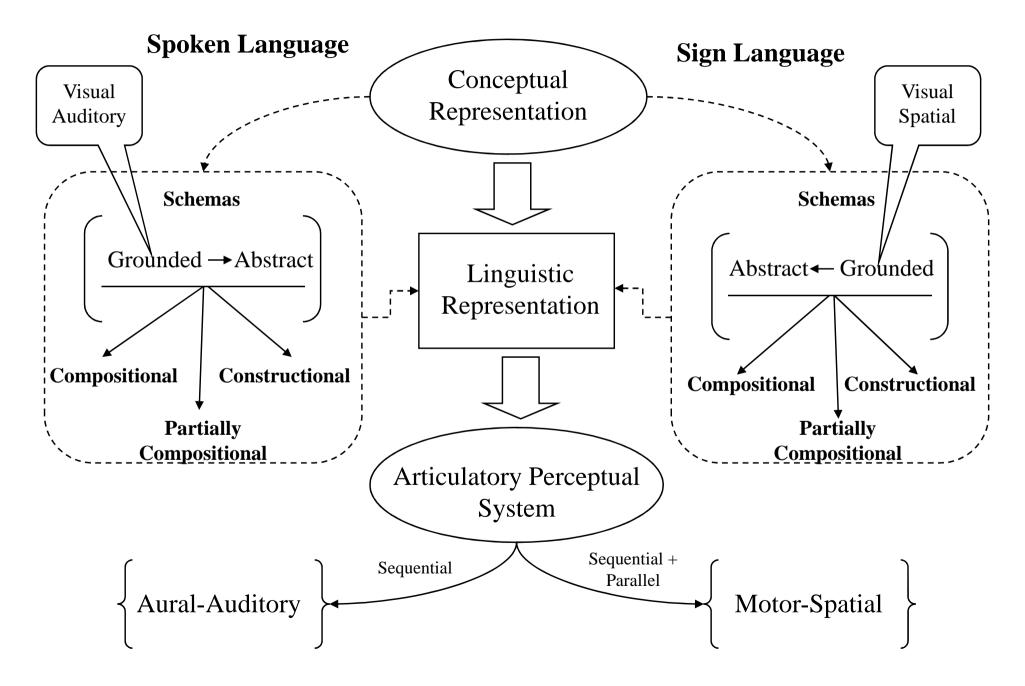


TICKET



NEG

The Proposed Model



Framework Adopted

- Constructions
 - Form-meaning maps at
 - morphological, lexical, and syntactic levels
- Construction Grammars [Kay, 2002]
 - -The fly is buzzing.
 - What is the fly doing in my soup?
 - $-\ldots$ fly in the ointment. . .
- Unification based approach

Constituent-Level operations in cross-modal mapping

- Constituent Level
 - Complete
 - गाडी सात बजे जाएगी → {train time seven go} train seven O'clock go-fem-future
 - Partial
 - Constituent Deletion
 राजधानी रात में चलती है → {rAjdhAni night go}
 rAjdhAni night in go-fem
 - Constituent Insertion
 आप दस रुपये दीजिए → {money ten give {you → me}}
 you-hon ten rupees give-hon

Construction-Level operations in cross-modal mapping

- Construction Level
 - Compositional
 - टिकट नहीं मिलेगा क्योंकि वेटिंग है

ticket neg get because waiting be \rightarrow

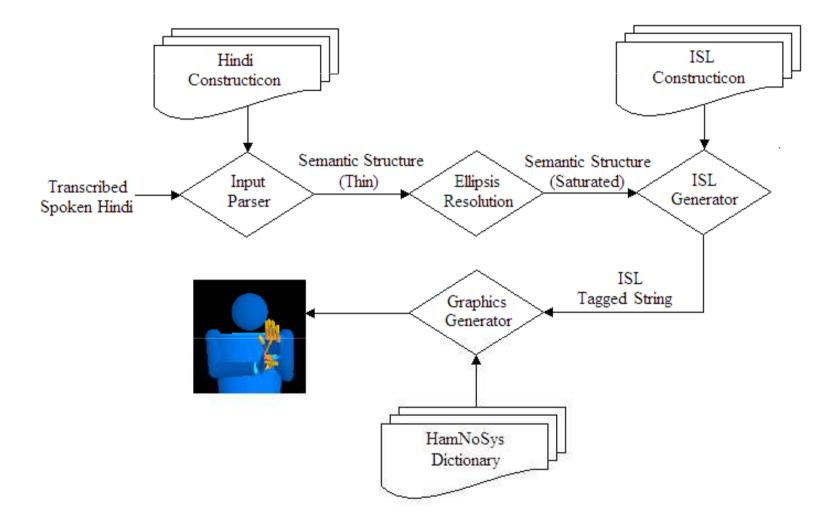
@n {ticket get neg} {Q-why} {waiting-list}

- Non-Compositional
 - X में Y वेटिंग है → {x waiting-list y}

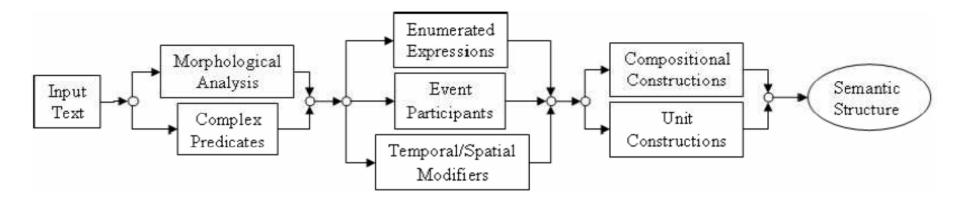
X in Y waiting be

Polysemy and Anaphora

- Polysemous Expressions
 - attributive and existential senses of 'है' (hai, be)
 - alienable vs. inalienable possession as in मेरी किताब (*meri kitab*, my book) and मेरा भाई (*merA bhai*, my brother)
 - transactional and non-transactional senses of the verb 'ले' (*le*, take)
- Anaphoric expressions
 - May be resolved to saturate event semantics
 - May be replaced with deictic signs
 - Default deixis
 - वह गाडी कानपुर नहीं जाएगी → {train -dei @n{kAnpur go neg}}
 that train kAnpur neg go-future



Input Parser



- Accepts transcribed spoken expressions
- Analyses the input morphologically, identifying phrases (viz. modifiers, polarity items)
- Uses a simple dictionary look-up approach on the input language construct-icon
- Outputs a (possibly incomplete) semantic structure

• शताब्दी शाम को कानपुर नहीं जाती

shatAbdi evening in kAnpur neg goes

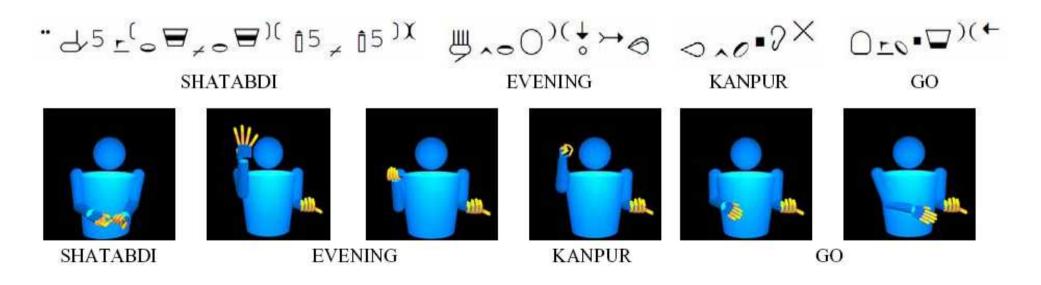
- {SUB-NOMINATIVE MODIFIER-1 MODIFIER-2 NEGATION UNARY-VERB}

- शताब्दी शाम को कानपुर नहीं जाती
- ((MOTION-VERB X-95) (GO X-95) (VERB-CLASS X-95 UNARY) (ARGUMENT-1 X-95 X-96) (TIME-FRAME X-95 PRESENT)
- (SHATABDI X-96) (DISCOURSE-ROLE X-96 EXTERNAL) (GENDER X-96 FEMININE) (MOBILITY X-96 MOBILE)
- (NEG X-73)
- (KANPUR X-61)
- (EVENING X-58) (TEMPORAL-MODIFIER X-30 X-58)
- (SATURATED X-41) (EVENT X-41 X-95) (MODIFIERS X-41 X-95 X-30 X-61) (NEGATOR X-41 X-95 X-73)))

- Ellipsis Resolution Module
 - दस रुपये दीजिए → {money ten give {you → me}} ten rupees give-hon
 - Attempts to saturate the incomplete semantic structures given by input parser
 - Assumes simple constraints imposed by the limited domain
 - Viz. constraints of animacy on participants in a transactional event

- ISL Generator
 - Very similar to input parser in operation
 - Uses ISL construct-icon to build up ISL signgloss
 - Constituent reordering
 - Negation and Q scope resolution
- {SUB @n{MODIFIER-1 MODIFIER-2 UNARY-VERB NEGATION}}
- {SHATABDI @n{EVENING KANPUR GO NEG}}

- Graphical Simulator
 - Convert the tagged ISL strings into HamNoSys notation
 - Graphics generation final step in the system



Summing Up

- Problem of cross-modal translation
- Semantically mediated procedure
- Adapt CG to specific objectives
- Develop working implementation
- Groundwork
 - Identify representational, conceptual issues in cross-modal linguistic processing
 - Provide implementable solutions for the same

Future Directions

- Describe ISL in terms of a framework allowing parallel processing
 - Define such a framework and develop formalisms for the same
- Develop robust graphical front end
- Explore cognitive processes underlying generation of spatial language