CS748 - ARITHMETIC CIRCUIT COMPLEXITY NITIN SAXENA

ASSIGNMENT 2

POINTS: 50

DATE GIVEN: 02-FEB-2019 DUE: 15-FEB-2019

Rules:

• You are strongly encouraged to work *independently*. That is the best way to understand & master the subject.

- Write the solutions on your own and honorably *acknowledge* the sources if any. http://cse.iitk.ac.in/pages/AntiCheatingPolicy.html
- Submit your solutions, before time, to your TA. Preferably, give the TA a printed copy of your LaTeXed or Word processed solution sheet.
- Clearly express the fundamental *idea* of your proof/ algorithm before going into the other proof details. The distribution of partial marks is according to the proof steps.
- There will be a penalty if you write unnecessary or unrelated details in your solution. Also, do not repeat the proofs done in the class.
- Problems marked '0 points' are for practice.

Question 1: [7 points] Recall the proof of $O(\log d)$ -depth reduction, of size-s degree-d circuits, done in the class. Fill in the details showing that it actually gives a poly(sd)-time randomized algorithm to reduce depth of a given circuit.

Question 2: [5+5 points] Given a circuit C of size s and depth d, show that the circuit D computing all the first-order partial derivatives of C has depth O(d), and size O(s). [The latter was covered in the class.]

What is the best that you can say if one wanted to compute δ -order partial derivatives of C, for a given $\delta > 1$?

Question 3: [13 points] Recall the proof of "det \in VP" that we saw, in the class, using Newton's identities. It was claimed that a linear system of n equations, that corresponds to a symbolic triangular matrix, can

be solved by $O(\log n)$ -depth $\operatorname{poly}(n)$ -size arithmetic circuit. Prove this claim.

Question 4: [7 points] Show that, over an integral domain R, the matrix $(\alpha_i^j)_{i,j\in[n]}$ is full-rank iff α_i 's are distinct in R.

Question 5: $[9+4 \ points]$ Over a field \mathbb{F} , show that the monomial $x_1 \dots x_n$ has a $\Sigma \wedge \Sigma$ expression iff $n! \neq 0$ in \mathbb{F} .

Question 6: [0 points] Recall the proof of $O(\log d)$ -depth reduction, of size-s degree-d circuits, done in the class. Could the final size bound be made poly($s \log d$) in place of poly(sd)?

Question 7: [0 points] Consider a matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, where R is a possibly non-commutative ring. How will you define the determinant polynomial of A?

How fast can you compute it?

Question 8: [0 points] What is the smallest depth-3 circuit computing the $n \times n$ symbolic determinant? permanent?