

Theorem: per for 0/1 matrices is #P-hard.

Proof:

- We will reduce #3SAT to permanent.
- Let  $\varphi$  be a 3CNF formula with  $m$  clauses &  $n$  variables.

Wlog each clause has exactly three literals.

- We will construct a graph  $A$  s.t. the sum of its weighted cycle-covers  $=: \text{per}(A) = \#(\text{sat. assign. of } \varphi)$ .

- Each variable  $x_i$  is converted to a graph gadget  $V_i$ :



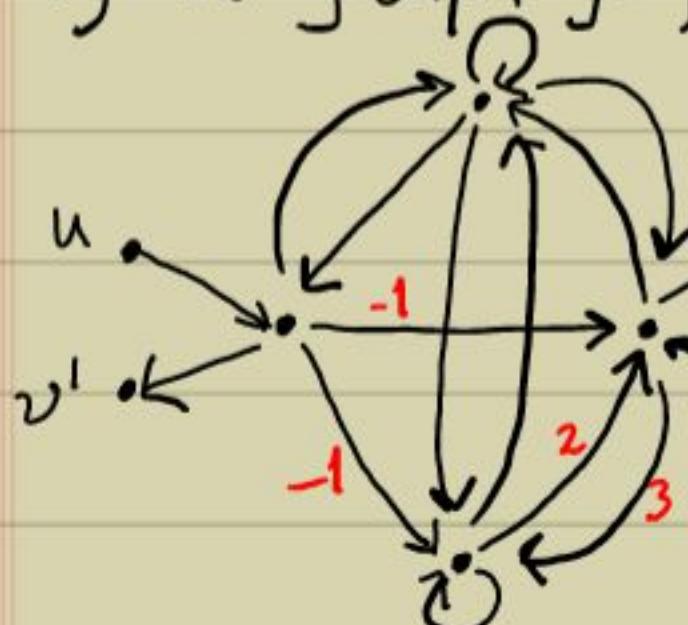
- The cycle-cover using the external edges signifies  $x_i = T$  while the other signifies  $x_i = F$ .

- Each clause  $F_j$  is converted to a graph gadget  $C_j$ :



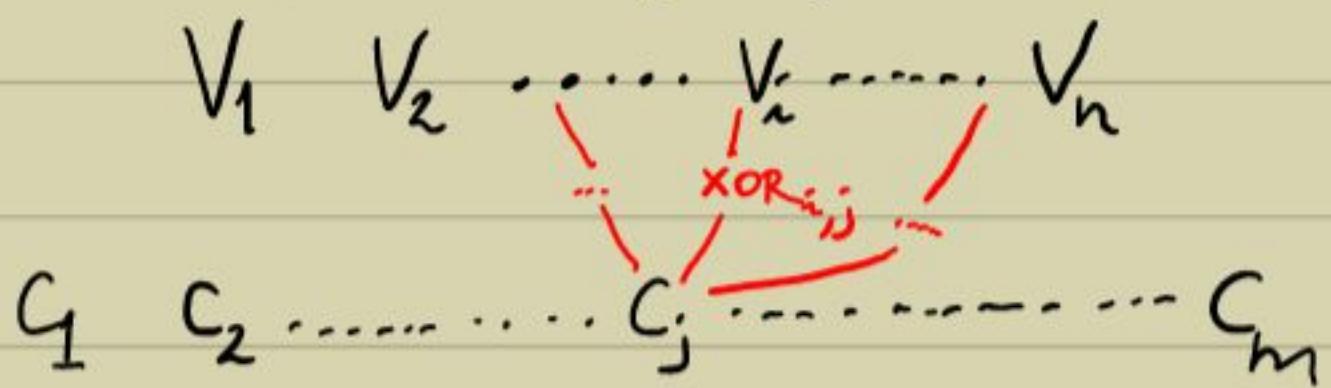
- There are 3 cycle-covers each of  $\text{wt} = 1$ , each corresponding to a dropped external edge. The latter signifies that the corresponding literal in  $F_j$  is True.

- If  $x_i$  is in  $F_j$  then the  $j$ -th external edge  $(u, u')$  of  $V_i$  is connected to the  $x_i$ -external-edge  $(v, v')$  of  $C_j$  by a graph gadget  $\underline{\text{XOR}}_{i,j}$ :



• If  $\bar{x}_i$  is in  $F_j$  then the False edge  $(u, u')$  of  $V_i$  is connected to  $x_i$ -external-edge  $(v, v')$  of  $C_j$  by  $\underline{\text{XOR}}_{i,j}$ .

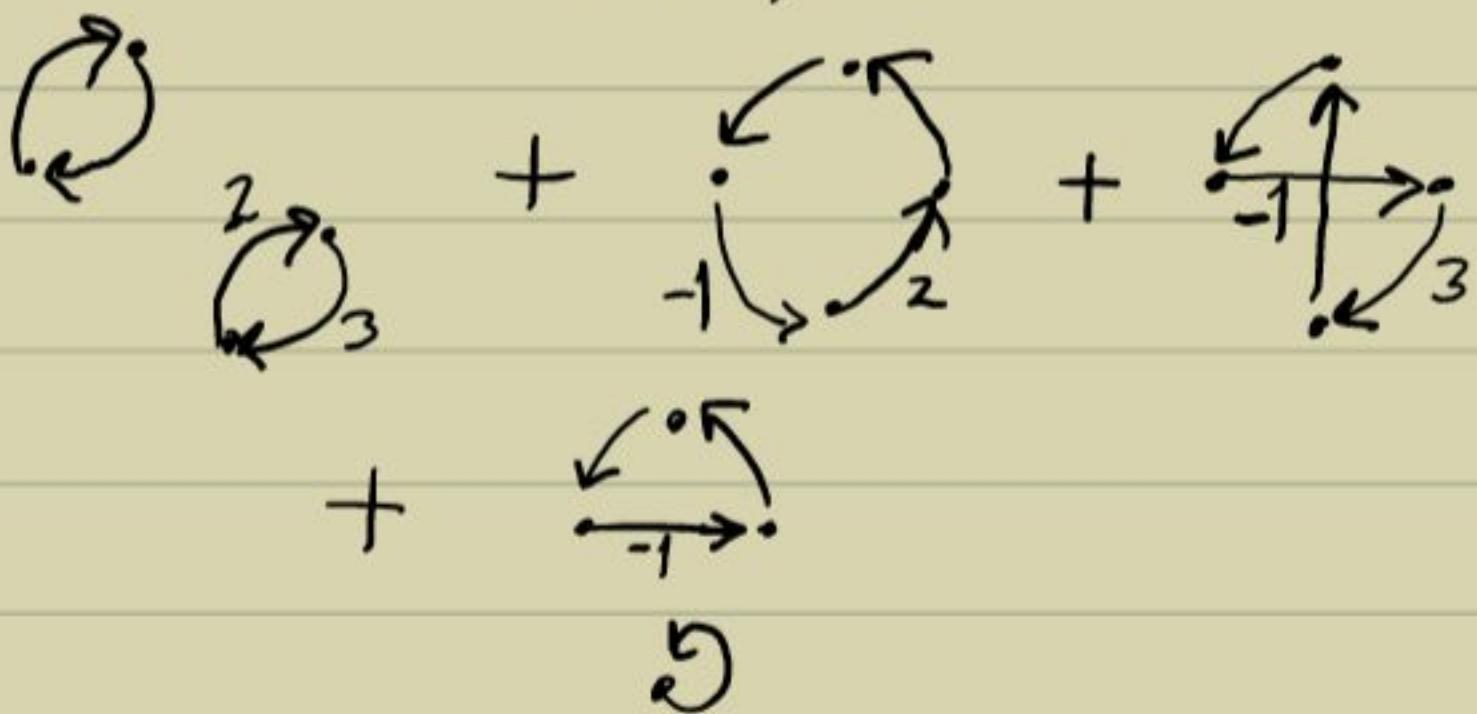
- Finally, the graph  $A'$  is :



Claim: The cycle covers of  $\text{XOR}$  sum to weight 0.

Pf: Cycle-covers in the gadget

$$\text{XOR} \setminus \{u, u', v, v'\}:$$



$$= 6 - 2 - 3 - 1 = 0.$$

□

- Thus, the cycle-covers of  $A'$  involving  $\text{XOR}_{i,j}$  are those that corresponds to exactly one of the paths  $(u, u')$  or  $(v, v')$ .

- Consider such a cycle-cover  $\mathcal{C}$  of  $A'$ :  
 For every  $C_j$ , there is an external edge, say  $x_i$ , not appearing in  $\mathcal{C}$ .

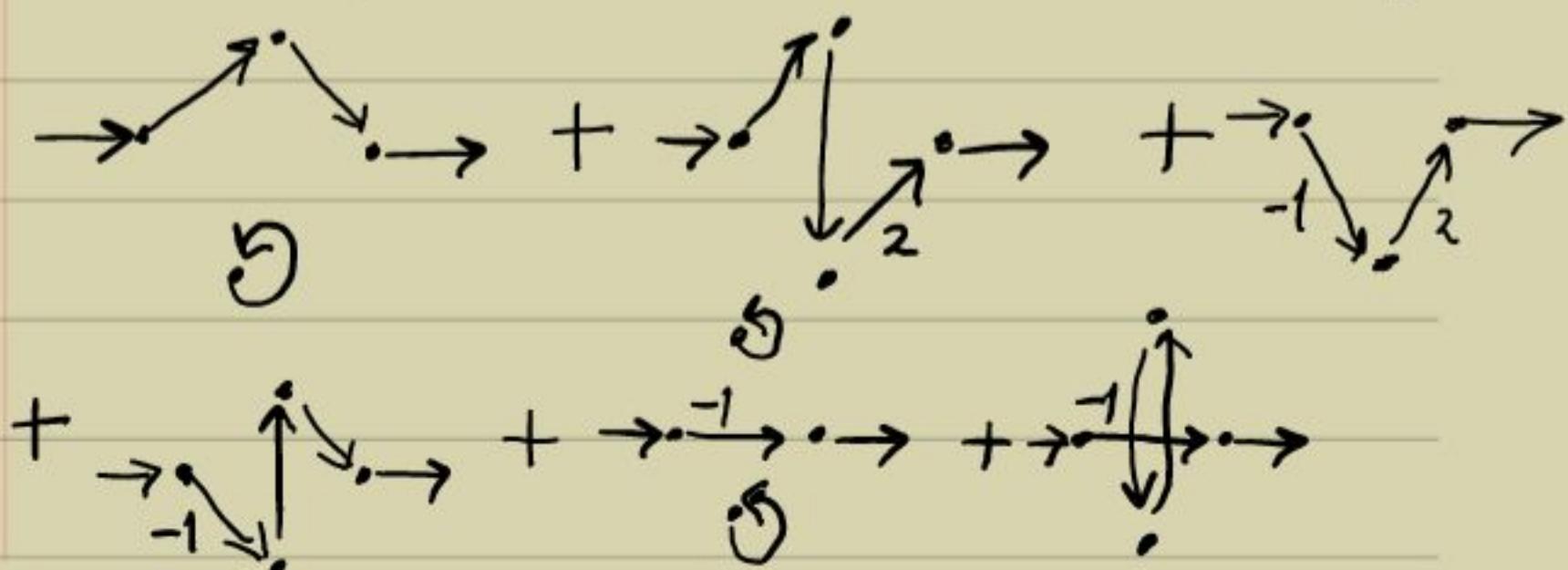
$\text{XOR}_{i,j}$  ensures that the  $j$ -th external edge in  $V_i$  appears in  $\mathcal{C}$ .  
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  uses the external cycle-cover of  $V_i$

$\Rightarrow x_i = \text{True}$  is captured!

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  corr. to a sat. assign. of  $\Phi$ .

Claim: The contribution of  $\text{XOR}_{i,j} \setminus \{v_0, v_1\}$  to the weight is  $-2 \neq 0$ . *+ char. of the field not 2.*

Pf: Paths from  $u$  to  $u'$ :



$$= 1+2-2-1-1-1 = -2. \quad \square$$

$\Rightarrow$  For a satisfying assignment  $s$  of  $\varphi$ :  $\sum_{\substack{\text{cycle-cover } C \\ \text{of } A' \text{ corr. to } s}} \text{wt}(c) = (-2)^{3m}$ .

the #clauses ↑ is  $m$  & each has exactly 3 literals

$$\Rightarrow \text{per}(A') = \sum_{\substack{\text{cycle-cover} \\ C \text{ of } A'}} \text{wt}(c)$$

$$= (-2)^{3m} \cdot \#(\text{sat. assigns. of } \varphi).$$

- Finally, we want to reduce  $A'$  to a 0/1 matrix.

$$(i) |\text{per}(A')| < 2^{3m+n+1} =: 2^N,$$

So, we can replace a negative entry  $-k$  in  $A'$  by  $(2^N - k)$ ; get a matrix  $A''$  & consider  $\text{per}(A'') \pmod{2^N}$ .

(ii)  $A''$  has non-negative, but large, entries.

Replace a weighted edge

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \xrightarrow{k} & \\ u & & u' \end{array}$$

by a gadget of sequential

& parallel weight  $\leq 2$  paths.

e.g.  $\begin{array}{ccc} & \xrightarrow{5} & \\ u & & u' \end{array}$  by:



• This gadget is of size  $O(\ell k)$ .

► Finally, we get a 0/1 matrix  $A$ , of dim.  $O(mn(m+n))$  s.t.

$$\text{per}(A) \bmod 2^N = (-2)^{3n} \cdot \#\emptyset.$$

$\Rightarrow \#SAT \in \text{FP}^{\text{per on 0/1}}$