

Program Analysis
<https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~karkare/cs618/>

Constant Propagation

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Constant Propagation

- Replace expressions that evaluate to same constant “c” every time they are executed, by the value “c”

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DF Framework for ConstProp

- Domain
 - For a single variable v of type t , all possible constant values of type t
 - \top and \perp ?
- Semilattice?

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DFF for CP

- NAC: not a constant
 - If variable is inferred not to be a constant
 - Multiple (different valued) defs, non-const defs, assigned an “un-interpreted” value ...
- UNDEF: No definition of the variable is seen yet – nothing known!

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NAC vs UNDEF

- NAC \Rightarrow too many definitions seen to declare the variable is NOT constant
- UNDEF \Rightarrow too few definitions seen to declare anything about the variable
- T is UNDEF; \perp is NAC

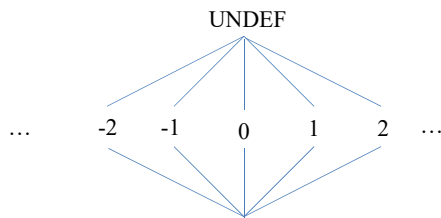
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CP Meet (\wedge)

- $\text{UNDEF} \wedge c = c$ $\text{NAC} \wedge c = \text{NAC}$
 – Recall $\top \wedge x = x$ and $\perp \wedge x = \perp$
- $c \wedge c = c$
- $c1 \wedge c2 = \text{NAC}$

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CP Semilattice



- Infinite Domain, but finite height

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CP Semilattice

- Previous figure semilattice for one variable
- CP Semilattice = Product of all such semilattices
- Each semilattice has a **finite** height

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OUT Information

(Informal Representation)

1. $x = c$ // const
 - $\{x \rightarrow c\}$
2. $x = y + z$
 - If $\{y \rightarrow c1, z \rightarrow c2\}$ in IN then $\{x \rightarrow c1+c2\}$
 - If $\{y \rightarrow \text{NAC}\}$ in IN then $\{x \rightarrow \text{NAC}\}$
 - If $\{z \rightarrow \text{NAC}\}$ in IN then $\{x \rightarrow \text{NAC}\}$
 - $\{x \rightarrow \text{UNDEF}\}$ // y is UNDEF or z is UNDEF
3. $x = \langle \text{complicated unhandled expr} \rangle$
 - $\{x = \text{NAC}\}$

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Monotonicity of CP

- Case analysis on transfer function f
- $\text{NAC} \leq c \leq \text{UNDEF}$
- Case (1) and (3) has “constant” f
- Case (2):
 - Fix z (One of UNDEF, $c2$, NAC)
 - Vary y over UNDEF, $c1$, NAC
 - Confirm that x does not “increase”
 - Do this for all z 's.
 - Similarly, fix y and vary z .

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Nondistributivity of CP

```

B0: ...
if (...) {
B1:  x = 2;
    y = 3;
} else {
B2:  x = 3;
    y = 2;
}
B3:  z = x + y;
...

```

All paths:
 B0-B1-B3
 B0-B2-B3
 z is 5 along both paths
 Meet \wedge results in $z = \text{NAC}$
 (Exercise)

MOP: z is a constant 5
 MFP: z is NAC
 MFP not equal to MOP

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