#### Program Analysis https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~karkare/cs618/

# Foundations of Data Flow Analysis (contd ...)



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 Slides based on the material at <u>http://infolab.stanford.edu/~ullman/dragon/</u> <u>w06/w06.html</u>

#### Knaster-Tarski Fixed Point Theorem

Let  $f: S \rightarrow S$  be a monotonic function on a complete lattice (S, V,  $\Lambda$ ). Define

- $red(f) = \{v | v \in S, f(v) \le v\}$ , pre fix-points
- $ext(f) = \{v | v \in S, f(v) \ge v\}$ , post fix-points
- $fix(f) = \{v | v \in S, f(v) = v\}$ , fix-points

Then,

- $\land red(f) \in fix(f)$ ,  $\land red(f) = \land fix(f)$
- $\lor ext(f) \in fix(f)$ ,  $\lor ext(f) = \lor fix(f)$
- *fix*(*f*) is a complete lattice

#### **Application of Fixed Point Theorem**

- $f: S \rightarrow S$  a monotonic function
- $(S, \Lambda)$  is a finite height semilattice,
- T is top element
- $f^0(x) = x, f^{i+1}(x) = f(f^i(x)), i \ge 0$
- The greatest fixed point of f is  $f^k(T)$ where  $f^{k+1}(T) = f^k(T)$

#### Fixed Point Algorithm

// monotonic f on a meet semilattice
x := T ;

#### while (x != f(x)) x := f(x);

return x;

Resemblance to Iterative Algorithm (Forward)

 $OUT[entry] = Info_{ENTRY};$ for (other blocks B)  $OUT[B] = \top;$ while (changes to any OUT) { for (each block B) {  $IN(B) = \wedge_{predecessors P of B} OUT(P);$  $OUT(B) = f_{R}(IN(B));$ 

## **Iterative Algorithm**

- $f_B(x) = X kill(B) \cup gen(B)$
- BACKWARD:
  - -Swap IN and OUT everywhere
  - -Replace ENTRY by EXIT
  - -Replace predecessors by successors
- In other words
  - just "invert" the flow graph!!

## Solutions

- IDEAL solution = meet over all executable paths from entry to a point (ignore unrealizable paths)
- MOP = meet over all paths from entry to a given point, of the transfer function along that path applied to Info<sub>ENTRY</sub>.
- MFP (*maximal fixedpoint* ) = result of iterative algorithm.

#### Maximum Fixedpoint

• *Fixedpoint* = solution to the equations used in iteration:

$$IN(B) = \wedge_{predecessors P of B} OUT(P);$$
  
OUT(B) =  $f_B(IN(B));$ 

• *Maximum* = any other solution is ≤ the result of the iterative algorithm (MFP).

#### MOP and IDEAL

- All solutions are really meets of the result of starting with Info<sub>ENTRY</sub> and following some set of paths to the point in question.
- If we don't include at least the IDEAL paths, we have an error.
- But try not to include too many more.
   Less "ignorance," but we "know too much."

#### **MOP Versus IDEAL**

 Any solution that is ≤ IDEAL accounts for all executable paths (and maybe more paths), and is therefore conservative (safe), even if not accurate.

# MFP Versus MOP --- (1)

- Is MFP  $\leq$  MOP?
  - If so, then MFP  $\leq$  MOP  $\leq$  IDEAL, therefore MFP is safe.
  - Yes, but ... requires two assumptions about the framework:
    - 1. "Monotonicity."
    - 2. Finite height

no infinite chains  $\dots < x_2 < x_1 < x < \dots$ 

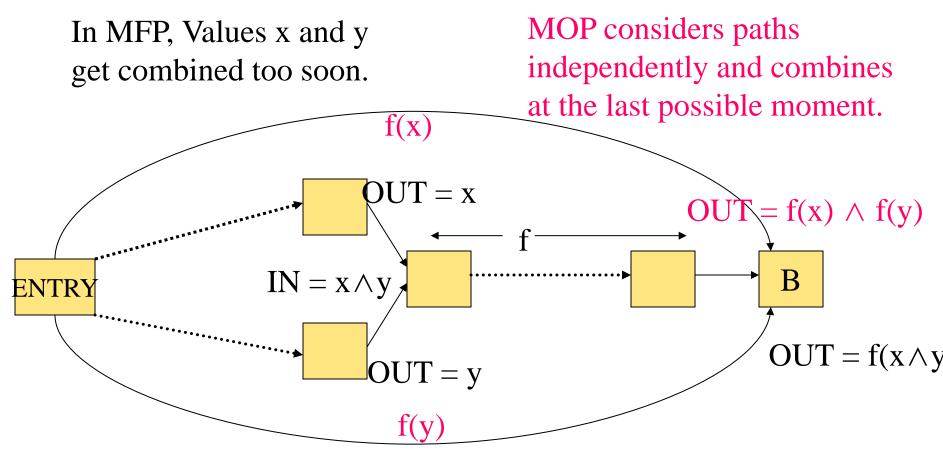
## MFP Versus MOP --- (2)

- Intuition: If we computed the MOP directly, we would compose functions along all paths, then take a big meet.
- But the MFP (iterative algorithm) alternates compositions and meets arbitrarily.

#### Good News!

- The frameworks we've studied so far are all monotone.
  - Easy proof for functions in Gen-Kill form.
- And they have finite height.
  - Only a finite number of defs, variables, etc. in any program.

#### Two Paths to B That Meet Early



Since  $f(x \land y) \leq f(x) \land f(y)$ , it is as if we added nonexistent paths.

#### **Distributive Frameworks**

• Distributivity:  $f(x \land y) = f(x) \land f(y)$ 

- Stronger than monotonicity
  - -Distributivity  $\Rightarrow$  monotonicity
  - -But reverse is not true.

#### Even More Good News!

- The 4 example frameworks are distributive.
- If a framework is distributive, then combining paths early doesn't hurt.
  - -MOP = MFP.
  - That is, the iterative algorithm computes a solution that takes into account all and only the physical paths.