## CS746: Endsem Examination

Maximum Marks: 40

Due on Nov 27, 2012

- **NOTE:** Feel free to discuss the questions and answers with each other. However, everyone needs to write the answers separately. Also, please submit answers in a PDF file, preferably not scans of handwritten text!
- Question 1 (marks 5+15). Let f be analytic inside domain C. Prove that the number of zeros of f inside C equals  $\frac{1}{2\pi}\Delta_C \arg(f)$  where  $\Delta_C \arg(f)$  is the total change in argument of f(z) when moving along C.

Let N(T) be the number of zeros of  $\zeta(z)$  in the rectangle  $0 < \Re(z) < 1$  and  $0 < \Im(z) < T$ . Prove that

$$N(T) = \frac{T}{2\pi} \log \frac{T}{2\pi} - \frac{T}{2\pi} + O(\log T).$$

Hint: Let  $f = \xi$ , C be the rectangle with vertices 2, 2 + iT, -1 + iT, -1 and use above.

Question 2 (marks 10). Let  $\chi$  be a *primitive* character modulo q (primitive means  $\chi^k \neq 1$  for any  $k < \phi(q)$ ; all the results we discussed in class regarding *L*-functions hold only for primitive characters as non-primitive characters are characters also of some p < q, p|q). Assume that  $\chi(-1) = 1$ . Let

$$\xi(z,\chi) = (q/\pi)^{z/2} \Gamma(z/2) L(z,\chi).$$

Prove that  $L(z, \chi)$  has infinitely many zeros in the strip  $0 \leq \Re(z) \leq 1$  and

$$\xi(z,\chi) = e^{Az+B} \prod_{\rho} (1-\frac{z}{\rho}) \cdot e^{z/\rho},$$

where  $\rho$  ranges over non-trivial zeros of  $L(z, \chi)$ . You may assume that  $\xi(z) = \xi(1-z)$ .

Question 3 (marks 10). Define

$$G_k(z) = \sum_{(m,n) \neq (0,0)} \frac{1}{(mz+n)^k},$$

for  $k \geq 3$ . Prove that

$$G_k(\tau z) = (cz+d)^k G_k(z),$$

for  $\tau \in SL_2(Z), \ \tau = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ .